

## Eylea-Hd

Pakistan · access guide

# Eylea HD access in Pakistan: the DRAP named-patient pathway

Last reviewed 2026-05-12 by Reserve Meds clinical and regulatory team.

## Quick orientation

Patients in Pakistan access Eylea HD (aflibercept (8 mg high-dose formulation)) for the treatment of neovascular (wet) age-related macular degeneration, diabetic macular oedema, and diabetic retinopathy in adults through the DRAP named-patient pathway, a Drug Regulatory Authority of Pakistan-administered mechanism that allows a Pakistani-licensed physician at a registered facility to import the FDA-labelled product for a specific named patient. This page details the documentation, approval timeline, and real cost in PKR.

## Why Pakistani patients need Eylea HD through the named-patient pathway

The Islamic Republic of Pakistan operates a structured pharmaceutical regulatory environment. Eylea HD (aflibercept (8 mg high-dose formulation)) is regulated through DRAP (Drug Regulatory Authority of Pakistan) channels, and a Pakistani family asking for Eylea HD is rarely asking for a medicine that does not exist locally. They are usually asking for a precise version of it that the local market has not caught up to.

Four converging patterns drive these cases. First, indication lag. Eylea HD's newer FDA-approved indications and dosing expansions often reach local registration 12 to 36 months after the US label. A family whose treating physician has documented a clear FDA-label fit may still find that the local label has not caught up. Second, presentation gaps. The exact strength, weight-banded dose, or pen format the prescriber needs may not be stocked at the local agent even when the medicine is registered. Third, payer denial. EFU Health and Jubilee General and Adamjee Insurance each assess specialty therapies case by case, and step-therapy or formulary rules often produce denials even when the drug is on the local register. Cash-pay families pursue cross-border supply rather than wait through appeals. Fourth, continuity of supply. When a US-stable patient relocates to Pakistan or visits family for an extended period, maintaining the original FDA-sourced regimen matters more than switching to a different local presentation.

In each pattern, the DRAP named-patient pathway is the mechanism that connects a Pakistani-licensed physician's clinical decision with US-sourced, FDA-labeled product for a specific patient. Clinically, Eylea HD is an 8 mg high-dose intravitreal recombinant fusion protein that acts as a soluble decoy receptor for vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGF-A), VEGF-B, and placental growth factor (PlGF), enabling extended 12-to-16-week dosing intervals after the initial loading, and the named-patient route preserves that mechanism rather than substituting a non-equivalent local option.

## **The DRAP named-patient pathway for Eylea HD**

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The pathway for a Pakistani-licensed physician to obtain a medicine that is not registered or not stocked locally is the DRAP Special Permission / Non-Objection Certificate pathway, which allows a treating physician at a registered tertiary facility to apply for the import of an unregistered medicine for a specific named patient, filed through the DRAP OIES portal at [dra.gov.pk](http://dra.gov.pk) and administered under the DRAP Act 2012. The framework allows registered healthcare facilities to import a specific medicine for a specific patient when the medicine is approved by a recognised reference authority (typically the US FDA, EMA, MHRA, PMDA Japan, or Health Canada) and a clinically equivalent locally registered alternative is not suitable. For Eylea HD specifically, the clinical justification typically frames the case around the precise FDA-approved indication and the documented gap in the local route.

A complete application includes a clinical justification letter from the treating physician (diagnosis, severity, prior therapies, why this specific drug, why the locally stocked option is not suitable for this case), the treating physician's Pakistani medical license verification through the Pakistan Medical and Dental Council (PMDC) and DRAP, an anonymised patient identifier where the DRAP submission allows, full product details (brand name, generic name, manufacturer, strength, dosage form, pack size, quantity requested, intended treatment duration), the destination dispensing facility name, license number, and pharmacy in charge, and a chain-of-custody plan describing how the medicine will move from the US manufacturer through the importer to the dispensing pharmacy.

For Eylea HD, the clinical justification angle typically rests on one or more of three documented elements: a pediatric or weight-banded request that fits the FDA label but not the local label, a denied biologic or specialty claim where prior step-therapy has been documented, or a continuity-of-supply request for a patient previously stabilised on the US-sourced presentation. The treating physician documents the relevant clinical criteria for the prescribed indication: severity scores, biomarker levels, prior therapy failures, and the rationale for Eylea HD versus the next-in-line local alternative.

Approval timelines for routine cases are typically 14 to 35 business days. Complex cases (rare indication, larger quantities, first import of a given pediatric or weight-banded format) can extend to 8 to 12 weeks. DRAP retains discretion on timing, and we do not promise specific durations.

## Where Eylea HD gets dispensed in Pakistan

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A small group of Pakistani institutions handle named-patient imports as established workflow, with in-house import pharmacy infrastructure and physicians experienced with the application set. Tertiary and major private hospitals that meet this profile include Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust (LRBT) Karachi, Aga Khan University Hospital (AKU) Karachi Ophthalmology Section, and Al-Shifa Trust Eye Hospital Rawalpindi. Each maintains pharmacy infrastructure appropriate to the storage requirements of the imported medicine (2 to 8 degrees Celsius cold-chain for biologics, ambient storage for oral therapies, ultra-cold or specialised handling where the FDA label requires it).

For physicians at smaller hospitals without internal import infrastructure, the common pattern is to route through a specialty importer that holds a pharmaceutical establishment license and files the DRAP application on the prescribing physician's behalf. The medicine then moves into the prescribing hospital's outpatient or specialty pharmacy under chain-of-custody documentation.

## Real cost picture for Eylea HD in Pakistan

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US WAC for Eylea HD runs in the range of USD 24,656 to USD 28,944 per year at the standard FDA-labelled regimen for the treatment of neovascular (wet) age-related macular degeneration, diabetic macular oedema, and diabetic retinopathy in adults. PKR is trading at approximately 278 PKR to 1 USD, so the annual reference range converts to roughly PKR 6,854,000 to PKR 8,046,000 for the drug itself at US WAC equivalents.

International logistics for shipment to Pakistan typically runs USD 350 to USD 1100 depending on destination city, urgency, and presentation (cold-chain biologics carry the higher end of the range; ambient oral solids the lower). The Islamic Republic of Pakistan customs and DRAP permit fees are nominal relative to drug cost. Reserve Meds' concierge fee is itemised separately on every firm quote.

On the insurance side, EFU Health and Jubilee General and Adamjee Insurance each assess named-patient imports case by case. Some reimburse fully when the medicine is on their formulary even if not stocked, some reimburse a percentage subject to copay, and many require pre-authorization. We do not promise coverage from any insurer. US manufacturer copay cards and patient assistance programs do not extend internationally; cross-border patients pay cash or rely on local payer coverage.

## Typical timeline for Eylea HD in Pakistan

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DRAP routine processing is typically 14 to 35 business days from a complete filing. International logistics adds 2 to 5 additional days depending on whether the presentation is ambient or cold-chain, the dispensing city, and customs clearance. End-to-end, most routine adult cases complete within 3 to 6 weeks from first complete documentation. Pediatric, weight-banded, or first-import cases can run slightly longer because presentation selection and first-import scrutiny can extend DRAP review.

For temperature-sensitive products, the dispensing facility must maintain validated storage with continuous monitoring; the manufacturer's room-temperature excursion runway on the FDA label informs how we plan the Gulf, South Asia, or North Africa shipping lane, and the cold chain is broken only at the dispensing pharmacy under documented control.

When a case is on a clinical clock (a flare, a new diagnosis with an active disease, or a treatment cycle scheduled at the dispensing centre), the practical question is which step controls the timeline. In our experience the binding step is rarely the DRAP review itself when the application is filed clean; it is usually documentation completeness on the prescriber's side or, for cold-chain biologics, the dispensing facility's storage and monitoring confirmation. The intake is where we lock the case-team contact, gather the documents in parallel, and start the US sourcing clock so that approval and product land in the same week rather than serially.

## What your physician needs to provide

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For a Pakistani-licensed specialist prescribing Eylea HD through the DRAP pathway, the clinical justification letter is the cornerstone of the application. The letter typically documents the patient's confirmed diagnosis for the treatment of neovascular (wet) age-related macular degeneration, diabetic macular oedema, and diabetic retinopathy in adults, severity assessment (scoring instrument, biomarker, imaging, or biopsy as appropriate for the indication), prior therapy history including first-line options tried, and a clinical rationale for why Eylea HD is the appropriate next step given an 8 mg high-dose intravitreal recombinant fusion protein that acts as a soluble decoy receptor for vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGF-A), VEGF-B, and placental growth factor (PIGF), enabling extended 12-to-16-week dosing intervals after the initial loading.

The letter also specifies the exact dosing plan per the FDA-approved label: starting dose, maintenance dose, route of administration, schedule, and intended duration of therapy. Monitoring plan should reference any baseline laboratory or imaging requirements specific to Eylea HD (full blood count, liver function, infection screen, ophthalmology assessment, or pregnancy testing where the FDA label requires it), planned follow-up intervals, and dose-modification criteria for the most common adverse events.

The treating physician's Pakistani license number, the dispensing facility license number, and the pharmacy in charge of dispensing complete the package. For cold-chain or specialty-handling products, the dispensing pharmacy's documented storage protocol and continuous-temperature-monitoring log are part of the chain-of-custody record we share with the importer.

## Common questions about Eylea HD in Pakistan

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**Will EFU Health and Jubilee General and Adamjee Insurance cover this?** Each insurer assesses named-patient imports case by case. Some reimburse fully when Eylea HD is on their formulary even if not currently stocked, some reimburse a percentage subject to copay, and many require pre-authorization. We supply the documentation set that allows your insurer to assess the case; the claim itself sits with you or your hospital.

**Is the FDA-approved indication recognised by DRAP?** The DRAP named-patient pathway exists precisely to permit access when the local registration or stocking lags the FDA label. The application documents the FDA indication, the reference-authority approval, and the local gap; DRAP review focuses on the clinical justification rather than re-litigating the FDA decision.

### **My physician is licensed in one emirate / state / province and the hospital is in another. Is that fine?**

Any Pakistani-licensed physician practicing in good standing in the jurisdiction of the dispensing facility has signing authority on the clinical justification letter. The Pakistan Medical and Dental Council (PMDC) and DRAP verifies the active license; the DRAP application records both the prescribing physician and the dispensing facility.

**Can I receive Eylea HD at home?** The dispensing facility must be Pakistani-licensed. The hospital outpatient or specialty pharmacy releases the medicine to you after final verification, and you then administer or self-administer at home where the FDA label permits, after the dispensing pharmacy's training. The cold-chain or controlled-storage handoff ends at the dispensing pharmacy; home storage and any handling protocol are part of your patient onboarding kit.

**What about competitors or alternative therapies in the same class?** Choice of therapy depends on the patient's full phenotype, prior therapy, and the prescriber's judgment. Reserve Meds coordinates whichever medicine the physician has prescribed; we do not substitute, advise on substitution, or promote one brand over another.

### **Where Reserve Meds fits in Eylea HD cases**

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Reserve Meds is a US-based concierge coordinator. We do not replace your treating physician, we do not replace DRAP, and we do not replace your dispensing pharmacy. For Eylea HD specifically, we orchestrate the US-side sourcing through a DSCSA-compliant specialty channel, build the documentation packet your physician submits, coordinate validated logistics (cold-chain with continuous temperature logging where the FDA label requires it) into Pakistan, and assign a single named coordinator through the case. Standard named-patient coordination under our specialty playbook applies. Presentation selection, dose-band confirmation, and patient onboarding for self-administration where applicable are the recurring operational fundamentals we expect for this drug.

Operationally, a typical Eylea HD case runs across four parallel tracks. The clinical track is the physician's: justification letter, dosing plan, monitoring schedule, and the next patient-facing follow-up. The regulatory track is the DRAP application packaged by the importer; we provide the documentation template, the dispensing facility license check, and the chain-of-custody attestation. The logistics track is the US-side sourcing and the validated international shipment with continuous temperature logging and customs broker coordination. The patient-experience track is the named coordinator who keeps everyone aligned on dates, addresses dispensing-pharmacy questions, and confirms the medicine has been received and stored correctly. The four tracks are run in parallel rather than in series; that is the operational difference between a 3-week and a 9-week case.

Eylea HD is administered as an 8 mg intravitreal injection at the labelled loading interval and then every 8 to 16 weeks per the maintenance schedule; retina-specialist follow-up captures BCVA, OCT central subfield thickness, and screening for endophthalmitis, intraocular inflammation, and retinal detachment.

#### ***Reserve Meds's role***

US-based concierge coordinator for cross-border specialty medicine. We are not the prescriber, not the dispensing pharmacy, and not the manufacturer. All clinical decisions remain with your treating physician.

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**Reserve Meds**

*reserved for you.*

Composite case examples. This document is for general information only and does not constitute medical advice. Please consult your treating physician.

Reserve Meds is in pre-launch. Published timelines and cost ranges are indicative, not guarantees.

reservemeds.com · hello@reservemeds.com